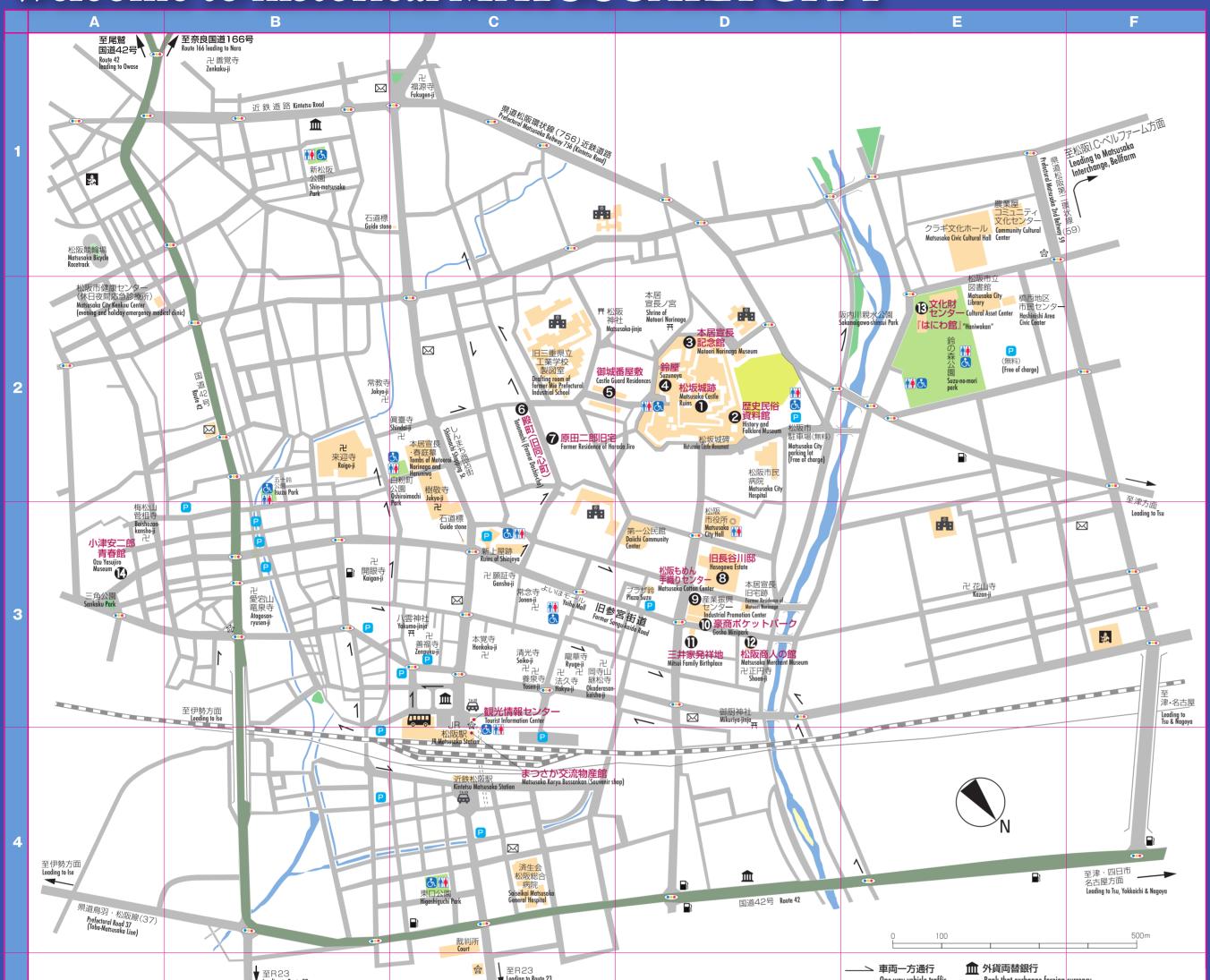
Welcome to historical MATSUSAKA CITY



The process of creating Matsusaka beef starts with selecting 7 to 8 month-old high pedigree calves. From there, these calves are given the best care for the next 3 years. They are fed beer to stimulate their appetites and massaged so the fat will be distributed evenly from the improving their blood flow. The Matsusaka Cattle Competition is held every year at the end of November. In 2002, the first prize winner was auctioned off for 50 million yen - a new record. Matsusaka beef is known for its tender and finely marbled texture that can be cut even with chopsticks. Its taste is highly praised around the world as a work of art in meat.

Local Specialties

松阪茶

Matsusaka Tea

Mie's tea production ranks third in Japan for the amount of land used and quantity produced. Matsusaka is home to Fukamushi Sencha. The mild climate, rich soil and morning mists from the Kushida River help create the wonderfully fragrant local tea. You can enjoy this delicious tea while learning the proper drinking etiquette.





松阪木綿

Matsusaka Cotton

Matsusaka cotton - with its beautiful indigo blue and striped pattern was first sold and popularized by Matsusaka merchants in Edo (Nov Tokyo). You can rent a Matsusaka cotton kimono and walk around town with it or try your hand at weaving it.

Introduction of Matsusaka's spots



松坂城跡 Matsusaka

Castle Ruins Matsusaka Castle was built by Gamo Ujisato in 1588. The stone walls are all that remain of the castle after a powerful typhoon destroyed the castle tower. The site is well known among local residents as a great place to relax and enjoy the scenery. Visitors can look forward to plums, cherry and wisteria blossoming in early and mid spring and ginkgo in the fall. It was selected as one of the top 100 Castles in Japan in 2006 and designated a national historical monument in 2011.



2松阪市立歴史民俗資料館 Matsusaka City History and Folklore Museum **☎**0598-23-2381

This historical building was originally built to serve as a library in 1911. There are exhibits that introduce the culture and history of Matsusaka and its famous products such as Matsusaka Cotton and



Motoori Norinaga Museum **☎**0598-21-0312

Motoori Norinaga (1730-1801) was an Edo period researcher of classic Japanese literature such as 'Kojiki' and 'Tale of Genji'. The museum features original manuscripts, self-portraits and his personal bell collection.

Hours: 9:00 - 16:30

Closed: Monday (Tuesday when Monday is a public holiday) and New Year's Break



☎0598-21-0312

Suzunoya is the name of the second floor study of Motoori Norinaga's residence. The house was restored to its original condition after being moved here. The second floor unfortunately is off-limits. However, you can see into it from a designated spo



6 御城番屋敷

Castle Guard Residences 20598-26-5174 These residences were home to the Kishu domain samurai warriors that guarded Matsusaka Castle at the end of the Edo period. People still live in them to this day which is rare in Japan. As one of the largest samurai residential complexes in Japan, it has been designated as an Important Cultural Property. The northerr residence located on west side is free to visit.



6殿町(旧同心町)

Tonomachi (Former Doshin-cho) The pride of Matsusaka, this group of warrior houses provides the neighborhood with a unique historical vibe. About 60 Doshin and Torimi (government officials in the Tokugawa Shogunate) of the Kishu domain lived in the housing here. Lovely hedges run along the road through Doshin-cho, which contains ten late Edo period (1603-1868) buildings.



7原田二郎旧宅

Former Residence of Harada Jiro 20598-23-1656 Harada Jiro (1849-1930) was an entrepreneur active from the Meiji through to the Taisho period. He used al of his personal assets to establish a public welfare foundation. His home is located in the middle of town, a historic area where samurai residences once stood side by side. The residence exemplifies the architecture style used commonly for samurai homes in the Edo period.



8 旧長谷川邸

Hasegawa Estate ☎0598-53-4393 The Hasegawa Family made its fortune as cotton merchants in Edo (now Tokyo). The estate features historic architectural features such as wooden lattices, five storehouses and a roof supported by a distinctive udatsu beam—one of only three remaining in Mie Prefecture. Centered around a pond and full of beautiful greenery, the estate's garden is a pleasure to visit in all seasons. Items on display include tools preserved by the family over the years and a recently discovered collection of golden coins. It was designated as an Important Cultural Property in July 2016.



Matsusaka Cotton Center 20598-26-6355

This center works to produce and pass on knowledge about traditional Matsusaka Cotton. Available for purchase are fabrics, kimonos and accessories designed with the traditional indigo blue striped pattern. One of the most popular exhibit is the authentic Edo Period loom that can be used to make original clothing.



⑩豪商ポケットパーク

「はにわ館」

'Haniwakan'

Matsusaka City

Gosho Minipark The Lion Statue, a symbol of the Mitsukoshi Department Store, was presented to Matsusaka City. This statue was modeled on the statue of the lion in London's Trafalgar Square. It is said one's wish will be granted by sitting on the



Mitsui Family Birthplace

Mitsui Takatoshi (1622-1694), the great merchant who established the foundation for the Mitsu zaibatsu conglomerate, was born in the city of Matsusaka. Although this site is not open to the public, it contains designated memorial to the birthplace of the family and the well which was



心松阪商人の館 Matsusaka Merchant Museum **☎**0598-21-4331 e museum used to be

e former residence of Ozu Seizaemon - one of the

Japan and the only one with three-dimensional features. It was excavated from Matsusaka's ancient Takarazuka burial mound and has been designed an Important Cultural Property. The gallery is located in the historic Kanebo Textile Plant and Warehouse built in 1923. The warehouse is a Registered Tangible Cultural Property and is used by many local artists.



小津安二郎青春館 Ozu Yasujiro Museum **☎**0598-22-2660

film director Ozu Yasujiro (1903-1963) moved to Today, part of his chilhood

the Ozu Yasujiro Museum. Visitors can see his journal and childhood letters.

松阪市観光情報センター

Matsusaka City Tourist Information Center

507-2 Kyomachi, Matsusaka City, Mie Prefecture 515-0017 Japan (Hours) 9:00-18:00 (Closed) New Year's Break (Phone) 0598-23-7771 (Fax) 0598-26-4778 E-mail info@matsusaka-kanko.com

http://www.matsusaka-kanko.com/language/en/index/ Please feel free to make contact the Matsusaka City Tourist Information Center with questions or comments about tourism in Matsusaka.









まつさか交流物産館 Matsusaka Koryu Bussankan



It is located near from JR Matsusaka Station, we have many Matsusaka souvenirs such as Matsusaka beef, Matsusaka cotton and sweets.

Closed: New Year's Break

■ Matsusaka Station Area Map



Inquiries about Transportation

JR Central Telephone Center ☎050-3772-3910 Public Transportation Kintetsu Nagoya Telephone Center ☎052-561-1604 Mie Kotsu Head Office 2059-229-5533 Meitetsu Taxi ☎0598-51-2277 ☎0598-21-5543 Kintetsu Taxi Kaneshichi Taxi ☎0598-59-0301 Ureshino Taxi ☎0120-701-257 ☎0598-42-5320 Hisai Kotsu Toyota Rental & Leasing ☎0598-50-1100

(As of April 1, 2017)

☎0598-50-3543



greatest paper wholesaler in all of Edo (now Tokyo). Its modest exterior, decorated with wooden lattices and a bamboo fence hides the spacious residence within. The enormous cash box located inside symbolizes the vastness of the family's wealth. It is great way to learn about the lives of the Matsusaka merchants who ran stores in Edo.

Hours: 9:00 · 16:30 (Apr.-Sept.), 9:00·16:00 (Oct.-Mar.) **Closed:** Monday (Tuesday when Monday is a public holiday), the day after a